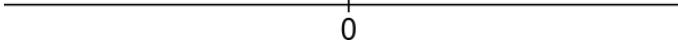
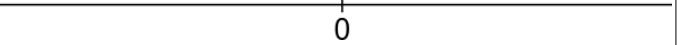
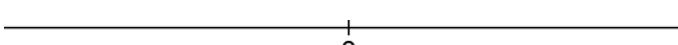
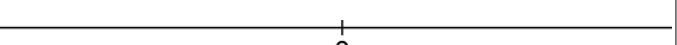


# Valeur absolue

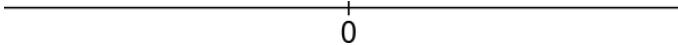
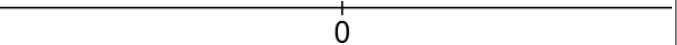
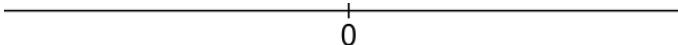
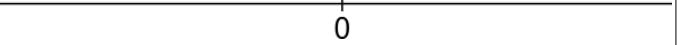
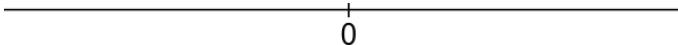
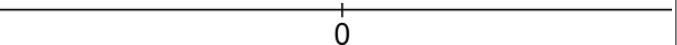
## 1) Équations avec des valeurs absolues.

Résous les équations suivantes (tu peux te servir d'une droite graduée)

a) $ x-4  = 1$  $S = \dots$	b) $ x+2  = 7$  $S = \dots$
c) $ 2,4-x  = 3$  $S = \dots$	d) $ x+1,8  = 0$  $S = \dots$

## 2) Inéquations avec des valeurs absolues

Résous les inéquations suivantes (tu peux te servir d'une droite graduée)

a) $ x-5  \leq 2$  $S = \dots$	b) $ x+1  < 3$  $S = \dots$
c) $ x-3  \geq 4$  $S = \dots$	d) $ x+2  > 0$  $S = \dots$
a) $ x  \leq 3$  $S = \dots$	b) $ x-4  \leq -5$  $S = \dots$