

# Tables de division

Tables du 2,  
du 5 et du 10

1) Complète

$12 \div 2 = \dots$	$\dots \div 2 = 7$	$2 \div 2 = \dots$	$\dots \div 2 = 4$	$10 \div 2 = \dots$
$\dots \div 2 = 3$	$18 \div 2 = \dots$	$\dots \div 2 = 10$	$4 \div 2 = \dots$	$\dots \div 2 = 8$

2) Complète

$25 \div 5 = \dots$	$\dots \div 5 = 3$	$10 \div 5 = \dots$	$\dots \div 5 = 4$	$5 \div 5 = \dots$
$\dots \div 5 = 7$	$30 \div 5 = \dots$	$\dots \div 5 = 8$	$50 \div 5 = \dots$	$\dots \div 5 = 9$

3) Complète

$20 \div 10 = \dots$	$\dots \div 10 = 7$	$50 \div 10 = \dots$	$\dots \div 10 = 3$	$40 \div 10 = \dots$
$\dots \div 10 = 1$	$80 \div 10 = \dots$	$\dots \div 10 = 10$	$90 \div 10 = \dots$	$\dots \div 10 = 6$

4) Relie chaque division avec le bon résultat.

$$50 \div 10$$

$$16 \div 2$$

$$20 \div 5$$

$$14 \div 2$$

$$30 \div 5$$

$$18 \div 2$$

4

5

6

7

8

9