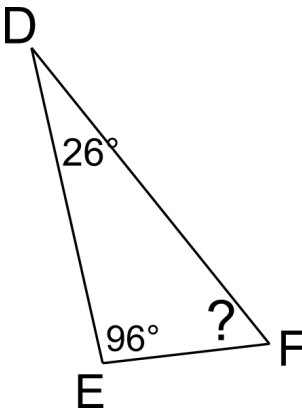
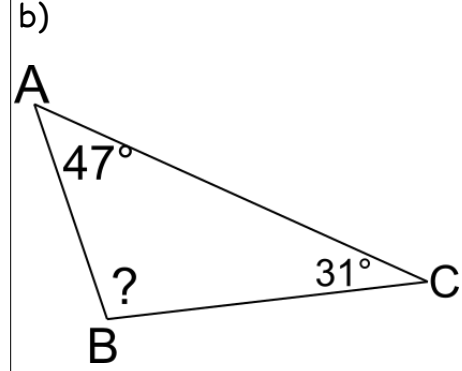
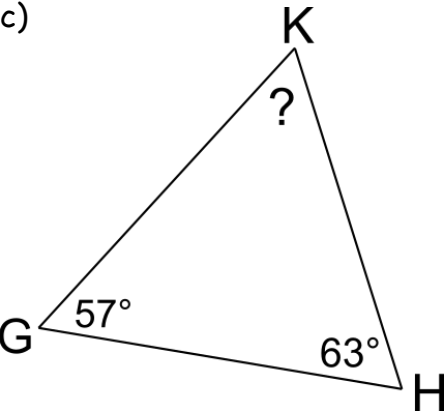
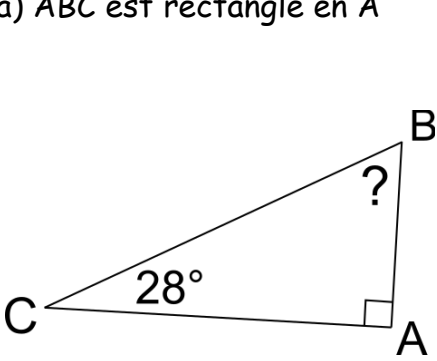
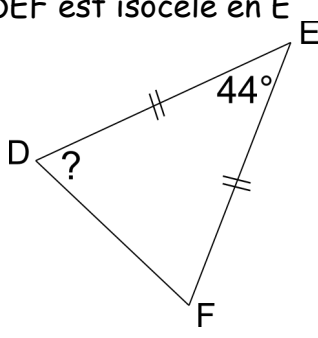
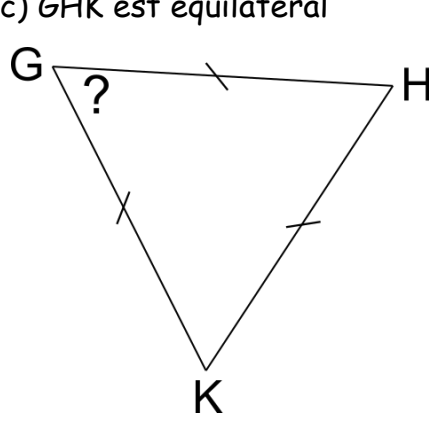
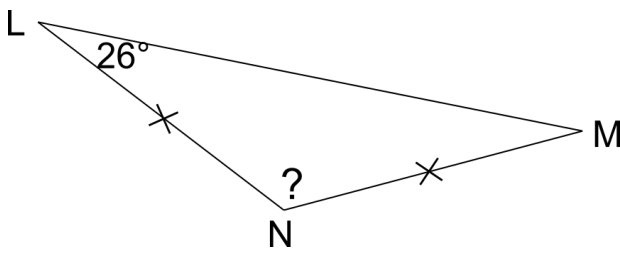
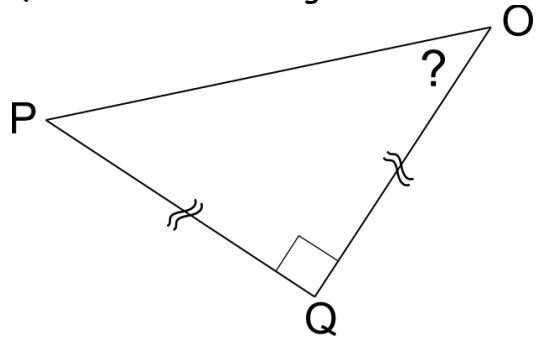


Somme des angles dans un triangle

1) Détermine dans chaque cas la mesure de l'angle marqué par un point d'interrogation.

a)  $\widehat{DFE} = \dots\dots\dots$	b)  $\widehat{ABC} = \dots\dots\dots$	c)  $\widehat{GKH} = \dots\dots\dots$
---	--	---

2) Détermine dans chaque cas la mesure de l'angle marqué par un point d'interrogation.

a) ABC est rectangle en A  $\widehat{ABC} = \dots\dots\dots$	b) DEF est isocèle en E  $\widehat{EDF} = \dots\dots\dots$	c) GHK est équilatéral  $\widehat{KGH} = \dots\dots\dots$
d) MNL est isocèle en N  $\widehat{LNM} = \dots\dots\dots$	e) OPQ est isocèle rectangle  $\widehat{POQ} = \dots\dots\dots$	